# In the Claims: Listing of all claims:

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### 1-24. (Cancelled.)

1 (Previously Added) A welding, cutting or 25. 2 heating system capable of receiving a range of input 3 voltages spanning at least two input utility voltages, 4 comprising: 5 an input circuit configured to receive any input voltage within the range of input voltages, and configured 6 7 to provide a first dc signal; 8 a converter configured to receive the first dc signal and to provide a converter output, and configured to 9 receive at least one control input; 10 11 an output circuit configured to receive the 12 converter output and to provide a welding, heating or 13 cutting signal; and 14 a controller, including a power factor correction 15 circuit, configured to provide at least one control signal to the converter. 16

- 26. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 25, further comprising an auxiliary power source configured to receive the any input voltage within the range of input voltages and configured to provide a control power signal to the controller.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 26, wherein the auxiliary power controller source is capable of providing the control power signal at a preselected control signal voltage, regardless of the magnitude of the any input voltage.

1		28	3. (Pre	viously	Added)	The	system	of	claim	27,
2	wherein	the	output	circuit	further	comp	rises a	a pi	ılsed	
3	transfor	mer.								

- 1 (Previously Added) The system of claim 28, 29. 2 wherein the convertor includes a boost circuit.
- 1 (Previously Added) The system of claim 29, 2 wherein the output circuit includes a pulse width modulator connected to the transformer. 3

## 31. (Cancelled)

- 1 32. (Currently Amended) A method of providing 2 welding, cutting or heating current from a range of input 3 voltages spanning at least two input utility voltages, comprising: 4 5 receiving the an input voltage from within the 6 range and converting it to a first dc bus having a voltage 7 magnitude higher than the input voltage; 8 controlling the converting, including power factor 9 correcting by controlling a switch; and 10 receiving the dc bus and providing in response 11 thereto an output current having an output magnitude 12
- 1 33. (Previously Added) The method of claim 32, 2 wherein converting includes rectifying.

suitable for a welding, heating or cutting.

1 (Currently Amended) The method of claim 32, 2 further comprising deriving auxiliary power from any the input voltage within the range of input voltages and providing the 3 4 derived auxiliary power as a power signal to a controller.

_	33. (currencty Amended) the method of chaim 34,
2	wherein providing the derived auxiliary power includes providing
3	the derived auxiliary power at a preselected control signal
4	voltage, regardless of the magnitude of the input voltage.
1	36. (Previously Added) The method system of claim 34,
2	wherein providing in response thereto includes pulsing a
3	transformer.
1	37. (Previously Added) The method of claim 36,
2	wherein converting includes boost converting.
1	38. (Previously Added) The method of claim 37,
2	wherein providing in response thereto further comprises pulse
3	width modulating the transformer.
	39. (Cancelled)
1	40. (Previously Added) The method of claim 38 wherein
2	providing in response thereto further comprises rectifying the
3	output of the transformer.
1	41. (Previously Added) A welding, cutting or
2	heating system capable of receiving a range of input
3	voltages spanning at least two input utility voltages,
4	comprising:
5	input means for receiving any input voltage within
6	the range of input voltages, and for providing a first do
7	signal;
8	converter means for receiving the first dc signal
9	and providing a converter output in response to at least one
10	control input;
11	output means for receiving the converter output

and providing a welding, heating or cutting signal; and

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13	control means for controlling, including power
14	factor correcting, the converter means, connected to the
15	converter means.
1	42. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 41,
2	further comprising auxiliary power means for providing a control
3	power signal to the <del>controller</del> <u>control means</u> in response to
4	receiving the any input voltage within the range of input
5	voltages.
1	43. (Currently Amended) The system of claim $42$ 41,
2	wherein the auxiliary power means is further for providing the
3	control power signal at a preselected control signal voltage
4	regardless of the magnitude of the <u>any</u> input voltage.
-	(Proceed out 2) and 2) . The second of 2 in an
1	44. (Previously Added) The system of claim 41,
2 3	wherein the output means further comprises means for pulsing a transformer.
3	cranscormer.
1	45. (Previously Added) The system of claim 44,
2	wherein the convertor means includes means for boosting a
3	voltage.
<i>.</i>	
1	46. (Previously Added) The system of claim 44,
2	wherein the output means further includes means for pulse width
3	modulating the transformer.
	47. (Cancelled)
1	48. (Previously Added) A power source for
2	welding, cutting or heating current, comprising:
3	means for receiving and converting an input
4	voltage from a range of input voltages spanning at least two

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input	util	Lity	vol	ltages	to	a	firs	t dc	bus	having	a	voltage
magnit	tude	high	ner	than	the	in	put	volta	age;			

means for controlling the means for receiving and converting, including means for power factor correcting by controlling a switch, connected to the means for receiving and converting; and

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means for receiving the dc bus and providing in response thereto an output current having an output magnitude suitable for a welding, heating or cutting.

- 1 49. (Previously Added) The power source of claim 48, 2 wherein the means for receiving and converting includes means for 3 rectifying.
- 1 50. (Currently Amended) The power source of claim 48, 2 further comprising means for deriving auxiliary power from the 3 input voltage any voltage within the range of input voltages and 4 providing the derived power as a power signal to the means for controlling. 5
- 1 (Currently Amended) The power source of claim 2 34 50, wherein the means for deriving auxiliary power includes 3 means for providing the derived auxiliary power at a preselected 4 control signal voltage, regardless of the magnitude of the input 5 voltage.
- 1 52. (Currently Amended) The power source of claim 2 36 51, wherein the means for receiving and converting includes 3 means for boost converting to provide the first dc bus.

#### 53. (Cancelled)

1 (Currently Amended) A welding, cutting or 2 heating system capable of receiving a range of input

3 voltages spanning at least two input utility voltages, comprising: 4 5 a power circuit comprising an input circuit, a 6 converter and an output circuit, wherein the power circuit 7 is capable of providing a welding cutting or heating output 8 without reconfiguring a the power circuit; 9 wherein the input circuit is configured to receive 10 any input voltage within the range of input voltages, and configured to provide a first dc signal; 11 wherein the converter includes a boost circuit and 12 13 is configured to receive and boost the first dc signal and 14 to provide a converter output, and configured to receive at 15 least one control input; 16 wherein the output circuit is configured to 17 receive the converter output and to provide the welding, 18 heating or cutting signal; and 19 a controller, including a power factor correction 20 circuit, configured to provide at least one control signal to the converter. 21

- 55. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 54, further comprising an auxiliary power circuit configured to receive the any voltage within the range of input voltages and configured to provide a control power signal to the controller.
- 1 56. (Previously Added) The system of claim 54, 2 wherein the output circuit further comprises a pulsed 3 transformer.
- 57. (Previously Added) The system of claim 56, wherein the output circuit includes a pulse width modulator connected to the transformer.

signal;

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1	58. (Currently Amended) A method of providing
2	welding, cutting or heating current from a range of input
3	voltages spanning at least two input utility voltages,
4	comprising:
5	receiving the an input voltage and converting it
6	to a first dc bus having a voltage magnitude higher than the
7	input voltage, without reconfiguring a power circuit;
8	controlling the converting, including power factor
9	correcting by controlling a switch; and
LO	receiving the first dc bus and providing in
Lī	response thereto an output current having an output
L <b>2</b>	magnitude suitable for a welding, heating or cutting.
1	59. (Previously Added) The method of claim 58,
2	wherein converting includes rectifying.
1	60. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 59,
2	further comprising deriving auxiliary power from the input
3	voltage any voltage within the range of input voltages and
4	providing the derived power as a power signal to a controller.
1	61. (Previously Added) The method system of claim 60,
2	wherein providing in response thereto includes pulsing a
3	transformer.
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,	62. (Cancelled.)
1	63. (Previously Added) A welding, cutting or
2	heating system capable of receiving a range of input
3	voltages spanning at least two input utility voltages,
4	comprising:
5	input means for receiving any input voltage within
6	the range of input voltages, and for providing a first do

8	converter means for receiving and boosting the
9	first dc signal and providing a converter output in response
10	to at least one control input without reconfiguring a power
11	circuit;
12	output means for receiving the converter output
13	and providing a welding, heating or cutting signal; and
14	control means for controlling, including power
15	factor correcting, the converter means, connected to the
16	converter means.

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- 1 64. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 63, 2 further comprising auxiliary power means for providing a control 3 power signal to the control means controller in response to 4 receiving the any voltage within the range of input voltages.
- 1 65. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 63, 2 wherein the output means further comprises means for pulsing a 3 transformer that receives the converter output.

# 66. (Cancelled.)

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67. (Previously Added) A welding, cutting or heating system capable, comprising: a power circuit comprising an input circuit, a converter and an output circuit, wherein the power circuit is capable of providing a welding cutting or heating output; wherein the input circuit is configured to receive at least one input voltage, and provide a converter input signal to the converter; wherein the converter includes a boost circuit and is configured to receive and boost the converter input signal and to provide a dc bus output, and configured to

receive at least one control input;

wherein the output circuit is configured to

4	receive the dc bus, and to provide the welding, heating or
.5	cutting signal;
<b>L</b> 6	a controller, including a power factor correction
١,7	circuit, configured to provide at least one control signal
.8	to the converter; and
L9	an auxiliary power circuit configured to receive
20	any voltage within a range of input voltages spanning at
21	least two utility voltages, and configured to provide a
22	control power signal to the controller.
1	68. (Previously Added) The system of claim 54,
2	wherein the output circuit further comprises a pulsed
3	transformer.
1	69. (Currently Amended) A method of providing
2	welding, cutting or heating current comprising:
3	receiving an the input voltage and converting it
4	to a first dc bus having a voltage magnitude higher than the
5	input voltage;
6	controlling the converting, including power factor
7	correcting by controlling a switch;
8	receiving the <u>first</u> dc bus and providing in
9	response thereto an output current having an output
LO	magnitude suitable for a welding, heating or cutting; and
<b>.1</b>	deriving auxiliary power from any voltage within a
L2	range of input voltages spanning at least two utility
L3	voltages, and providing the derived power as a power signal
.4	to a controller.
1	70. (Previously Added) The method of claim 69,
2	education and analysis of the state of the s

71. (Cancelled.)

1	72. (Currently Amended) A welding, cutting or
2	heating system, comprising:
<b>3</b>	input means for receiving any input voltage within
4	a the range of input voltages spanning at least two utility
5	voltages, and for providing a first dc signal;
6	converter means for receiving and boosting the
7	first dc signal and providing a converter output in response
8	to at least one control input;
9	output means for receiving the converter output
10	and providing a welding, heating or cutting signal;
11	control means for controlling, including power
12	factor correcting, the converter means, connected to the
13	converter means; and
14	auxiliary power means for providing a control
15	power signal to the controller in response to receiving the
16	any voltage within a range of input voltages spanning at
17	<del>least two utility voltages</del> .
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# 73. (Cancelled.)

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(Currently Amended) A welding, cutting or heating power source capable of receiving a range of input voltages, comprising:

an input rectifier configured to receive an ac input, wherein the range includes a highest magnitude and a lowest magnitude, and wherein the highest magnitude is at least twice the lowest magnitude, and wherein the rectifier is configured to provide a first dc signal;

a boost converter connected to receive the first dc signal and provide a second dc output across a dc bus comprising a positive bus and a negative bus, wherein the boost converter is configured to receive at least one control input, and wherein the boost converter includes a

boost inductor having a first end in electrical communication with the rectifier, and the boost inductor has a second end in electrical communication with a switch, wherein when the switch is closed the second end is in electrical communication with negative bus, and wherein the second end is in electrical communication with a diode, and the diode is further in electrical communication with the positive bus, such that current can flow from the second end through the diode to the positive bus;

a pulse width modulator connected to receive the dc bus and provide a pulsed signal;

an output transformer, having a primary connected to receive the pulsed signal and to provide an output signal having a current suitable for welding or cutting on a secondary;

a controller, including a power factor correction circuit, configured to provide at least one control signal to the converter; and

an auxiliary power source capable of providing a control power signal at a preselected control signal voltage, for a plurality of input voltages.

75. (Currently Amended) A method of providing welding, cutting or heating power from a range of input voltages, comprising:

rectifying an ac input, wherein the range includes a highest magnitude and a lowest magnitude, and wherein the highest magnitude is at least twice the lowest magnitude, and wherein the rectifier is configured to provide a first dc signal;

boost converting the first dc signal to a second dc output across a <u>dc bus comprising a</u> negative and positive bus, including receiving at least one control input, and boosting through a boost inductor having a first end in

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13 electrical communication with a rectifier, and a second end 14 in electrical communication with a switch, wherein when the switch is closed the second end is in electrical 15 16 communication with negative bus, and wherein the second end 17 is in electrical communication with a diode, and the diode 18 is further in electrical communication with the positive 19 bus, such that current can flow from the second end through 20 the diode to the positive bus; 21 pulse width modulating the dc bus to provide a 22 pulsed signal; transforming the pulsed signal to provide an 23 24 output signal having a current suitable for welding or 25 cutting; 26 controlling the boost converting to power factor 27 correct; and 28 providing auxiliary power at a control power 29 signal at a preselected control signal voltage, for a plurality of input voltages. 1 76. (New) A welding, cutting or heating power 2 source, comprising: 3 an input circuit configured to receive an ac input and 4 to provide a first dc signal; 5

a converter configured to receive the first dc signal and to provide a converter output, and configured to receive at least one control input;

an output circuit configured to receive the converter output and to provide a welding, heating or cutting signal; and

a controller, including a power factor correction circuit, configured to provide at least one control signal to the converter.

1	77. (New) The apparatus of claim 76, further
2	including an auxiliary power source capable of providing a
3	control power signal to the controller at a preselected control
4	signal voltage, regardless of the magnitude of the ac input
5	signal.
1	78. (New) The apparatus of claim 77, wherein the
2	auxiliary power source includes an auxiliary transformer with a
3	plurality of primary taps.
1	79. (New) The apparatus of claim 76, wherein the
2	converter includes a boost circuit.
1	80. (New) The apparatus of claim 76, wherein the
2	output circuit includes a pulse width modulator.
1	81. (New) The apparatus of claim 80, wherein the
2	converter includes a boost circuit.
i	82. (New) The apparatus of claim 76 wherein the
2	output circuit includes an inverter.
1	83. (New) The apparatus of claim 76 wherein the
2	output circuit includes a rectifier.
1	84. (New) The apparatus of claim 76 wherein the
2	output circuit includes a cycloconverter.
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1	85. (New) A method of providing a welding,
2	cutting or heating current, comprising:
3	boost converting and power factor correcting an ac
4	input signal to a second signal; and

changing the second signal into a third signal having a

current suitable for welding, cutting or heating.

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2	including providing control signals to a converter that cause the
3	converter to power factor correct.
1	87. (New) The method of claim 85, further
2	including providing auxiliary power signal by transforming the ac
3	input signal.
1	88. (New) The method of claim 85, wherein
2	changing includes pulse width modulating.
1	89. (New) The method of claim 85, wherein
2	changing includes inverting.
1	90. (New) A welding, cutting or heating power
2	source, comprising:
3	rectifier means for receiving an input signal and
4	providing a first dc signal;
5	converter means for receiving the first dc signal and
6	providing a converter output;
7	control means for controlling the converter means,
8	wherein the control means includes a power factor correction
9	means for power factor correction, connected to the
10	converter means;
11	output means for receiving the converter output and
12	providing a welding, heating or cutting signal.
1	91 (New) The apparatus of claim 90, wherein the
2	91. (New) The apparatus of claim 90, wherein the converter means includes a boost circuit.
4	COMVETEEL MEANS INCLUDES A DOOSE CITCUIT.

86. (New) The method of claim 85 further

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(New)

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The apparatus of claim 91, wherein the

2	output means includes a pulse width modulator.
1	93. (New) The apparatus of claim 90, wherein the
2	output circuit includes an inverter.
1	94. (New) The apparatus of claim 90 wherein the
2	output circuit includes a rectifier.
1	95. (New) A welding or cutting power source,
2	comprising:
3	an input circuit configured to receive an input having
4	a magnitude over a range of inputs, wherein the range
5	includes a highest magnitude at least twice a lowest
6	magnitude, and to provide a first dc signal;
7	a boost converter, including a boost inductor connected
8	to receive the first dc signal, wherein the boost converter
9	has a dc bus output;
LO	an output circuit configured to receive the dc bus
1	output and to provide a welding or cutting signal; and
<b>.2</b>	a controller, including a power factor correction
.3	circuit, configured to provide at least one control signal
.4	to the boost converter.
1	96. (New) The apparatus of claim 95, further
2	including an auxiliary power source capable of providing a
3	control power signal at a preselected control signal voltage for

1 97. (New) The apparatus of claim 96, wherein the 2 auxiliary power source includes an auxiliary transformer with a plurality of primary taps.

a plurality of magnitudes of the input signal.

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- 1 99. (New) The apparatus of claim 98, wherein the 2 switched circuit is a pulse width modulator.
- 1 100. (New) The apparatus of claim 98, wherein the 2 output circuit includes an output rectifier connected to a 3 secondary of the transformer.
- 1 101. (New) The apparatus of claim 100, wherein the 2 switched circuit includes an inverter.
- 1 102. (New) The apparatus of claim 100 wherein the 2 output circuit includes an inductor connected to the output 3 rectifier.
- The apparatus of claim 95 wherein the 1 103. (New) 2 output circuit includes a cycloconverter.
- 1 104. (New) The apparatus of claim 103, further 2 comprising a first output stud connected to the inductor, and 3 disposed to be connected to one of a torch and a ground clamp, 4 and a second output stud, disposed to be connected to the other 5 of the torch and a ground clamp.